1	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION
2	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
3	1st Session of the 56th Legislature (2017)
4	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
5	FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 1538 By: Virgin and Dunnington
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8	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
9	An Act relating to schools; amending 70 O.S. 2011,
LO	Section 11-103.3, which relates to HIV and AIDS education in schools; defining terms; requiring
1	certain information; requiring medically accurate materials for training; providing specific training
L2	curriculum; requiring current information for training; and providing an effective date.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
16	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. 2011, Section 11-103.3, is
L 7	amended to read as follows:
L 8	Section 11-103.3 A. <del>Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS)</del>
L 9	Definitions:
20	1. "Human Immunodeficiency Virus" or "HIV" is a human
21	retrovirus and the virus known to cause Acquired Immune Deficiency
22	Syndrome;
23	2. "Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome" or "AIDS" is the final
24	and most serious stage of HIV, causing severe damage to the immune

system and includes a great number of opportunistic infections which
normally result in death; and

- 3. "People living with HIV or AIDS" or "PLWHA" means people currently afflicted with and living with HIV or AIDS.
- B. HIV and AIDS prevention education shall be taught in the public schools of this state. AIDS prevention education shall be limited to the discussion of the disease AIDS and its spread and prevention. Students shall receive such education:
- 1.  $\frac{At}{At}$  the option of the local school district, a minimum of once during the period from grade five through grade six;
- 2.  $\frac{A}{A}$  minimum of once during the period from grade seven through grade nine; and
- 3.  $\frac{A}{A}$  minimum of once during the period from grade ten through grade twelve.
- B. C. The State Department of Education shall develop curriculum and materials or provide medically accurate resources for HIV and AIDS prevention education in conjunction with the State Department of Health or the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. A school district may also develop its own HIV and AIDS prevention education curriculum and materials. Any curriculum and materials developed for use in the public schools shall be approved by the State Department of Health for medical accuracy by the State Department of Health a minimum of once every two (2) years. A

school district may use any curriculum and materials which that have been developed and approved pursuant to this subsection.

- Expression Conduct for the parents and guardians of the school districts, at least one (1) month prior to teaching HIV and AIDS prevention education. The school districts, at least one (1) month prior to teaching HIV and AIDS prevention education in any classroom, shall make available or conduct for the parents and guardians of the students involved, during weekend and or evening hours, at least one presentation concerning the curriculum and materials that will be used for such education. No student shall be required to participate in HIV and AIDS prevention education if a parent or guardian of the student objects in writing to such participation.
- D. AIDS prevention education shall specifically teach students that:
- 1. engaging Participating in homosexual activity, promiscuous high-risk sexual activity, intravenous injection drug use or contact with contaminated blood products is now known to be primarily responsible the primary means for contact with the AIDS virus the transmission and contraction of HIV;

- 2. avoiding Upon participating in an activity specified in

  paragraph 1 of this subsection, a person should be regularly tested

  for HIV so they may be linked to treatment as early as possible, as

  an undetectable viral load greatly decreases the likelihood an

  individual will transmit the virus to others;
  - 3. Correctly using available prevention methods, including, but not limited to, barrier and medicinal methods, greatly decreases a person's likelihood of transmitting or contracting HIV;
  - 4. Avoiding the activities specified in paragraph 1 of this subsection and applying the prevention methods specified in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this subsection is the only method of preventing the spread of the virus, as well as any other methods considered to be a safer sex practice, are the best means for preventing the spread of HIV and AIDS;
  - 3. 5. High-risk sexual intercourse behavior, with or without condoms, with any person testing positive for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antibodies, or any other person infected with HIV, a PLWHA or a person who does not know their current HIV status places that individual person in a high-risk category for developing AIDS contracting HIV.
  - E. <u>HIV and AIDS resources shall include current or updated</u>
    information on modes of transmission, prevention methods, virology
    and statistics related to HIV, AIDS and PLWHA.

1	$\underline{\text{F.}}$ The program of $\underline{\text{HIV}}$ and $\underline{\text{AIDS}}$ prevention education shall teach
2	that abstinence from sexual activity is the only certain means for
3	the prevention of the spread or contraction of the AIDS virus HIV
4	through sexual contact. It shall also teach that artificial means
5	of birth control are not a certain means of preventing the spread of
6	the AIDS virus HIV and reliance on such methods puts a person at
7	risk for exposure to the disease.
8	$rac{F.~G.}{C}$ The State Department of Health and the State Department
9	of Education shall update <u>HIV and</u> AIDS education curriculum material
10	as newly discovered medical facts make it necessary.
11	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2017.
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13	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON COMMON EDUCATION, dated 02/28/2017
14	- DO PASS, As Amended and Coauthored.
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